

The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845

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No. 15,945.

號二十月六年四十一百九千一第

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1914.

庚申年五月十三日

PRICE, 35.00 Per Month.

THORNE'S

No. 4,
OLD VAT
SCOTCH
WHISKY.

As supplied to the House
of Lords and House of Com-
mons.

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS
ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS, Hongkong.

DIET AND DESTINY.

Food in the formation of
Character.

THE GREAT EASTERN DISPENSARY.

A new fact of the greatest importance from a health point of view, has come to light during the few days, say The Times. We have been told on the high authority of members of the International Congress of Surgery that germs are capable of being altered in character by the foodstuffs supplied to them by the bacteriologist. Feed them on one medium, say potato, and they will develop the power of causing one kind of disease; change their diet, say to gelatin, and soon another propensity will manifest itself and a new disease be wrought.

This astonishing effect of diet has been demonstrated, curiously enough, at a moment when the question of transformation of character as the result of training and environment is being keenly discussed. The story of Elias Duvallet, Mr. Bernard Shaw's flower girl duchess, presents, in a manner, a parallel to the new bacteriological evolution. We are invited to believe that with men and women (or is it only with women?) as with germs, a change of nature may be accomplished by means of judiciously selected mental and bodily fare. It is unnecessary to push the comparison. The really interesting question which emerges, and which is worth consideration, is whether character is determined—and if so to what extent—by diet. Brushing aside the obvious fact that heavy, indigestible eating tends surely to produce a dull, lethargic intellect—exaggerated perhaps by very great excitement—and the really curious illogicality of starvation, it is, broadly speaking, true that to live very well is to sacrifice intellectual acumen. Human capacity being limited, it is not possible to digest and think at the same time. The philosopher who allows himself to be seduced by the pleasures of the table, loses to waste like Hannibal's army in Capua.

This fact is pointed to by the records of frugal peoples like the Scots. In Scotland oatmeal was the staple article of diet during many generations, meat being regarded as a luxury. The national type was produced on this fare; the great endurance and reputation of the country was undoubtedly won as the result of a grim policy of "plain living and high thinking."

What then of the modern beefed Scot? Has his character changed with his diet, or survived in spite of the new bill of fare? One need not be too hasty to say that it has undoubtedly changed, and is undoubtedly changing. Scotland is less intellectual than she was. On the other hand, she has acquired new qualities of enterprise and commercialism. The immense industrial expansion of the country within recent years is undoubtedly one of the results, as it is also one of the causes, of altered diet.

A visit to the average industrial school, or reformatory, will convince most people that a perfectly "sane" diet produces a characteristic facial expression. A stroll through the West End during the season will to some extent confirm this belief. It would be hazardous, however, to conjecture that an exchange of diet between these extremes would accomplish an exchange of characters, no matter at how early an age this might be accomplished. On the other hand, the effects of a good table on a man accustomed to a poor one is usually to produce a more optimistic and self-assured attitude, which is reflected in his appearance and bearing.

As we come to consider the influence of diet upon character from the medical point of view we are on safer ground. Character, or rather temperament, is undoubtedly determined to a large extent, so far as the individual is concerned—by his diet. The word melancholy (black biliousness) was not invented accidentally. We are all subject to the whims of our liver, and if we overwork these vindictive organs we pay for it.

BUSINESS NOTICES.



STERILIZED NATURAL MILK,

is simply PURE FRESH MILK

IT POURS

out of the tin like the best quality

FRESH MILK

It is

NOT Condensed,

neither does it contain any preservatives.

The quality is

ALWAYS UNIFORM.

GUARANTEED ABSOLUTELY PURE

Obtainable at all Stores

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO & WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO
STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. AND CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.
HONGKONG TO CANTON, CANTON TO HONGKONG

FRIDAY, 12th JUNE.
8 A.M. 'HONAM.' 8 A.M. 'HEUNGSHAN.'
10 P.M. 'KINSHAN.' 5 P.M. 'FATSHAN.'

SATURDAY, 13th JUNE.
8 A.M. 'HEUNGSHAN.' 8 A.M. 'HONAM.'
10 P.M. 'HONAM.' 5 P.M. 'KINSHAN.'

Single Fare by Night Steamer \$ 6.00
Return Fare by Night (available also for Return by day Steamer) 10.00
Single Fare by Day Steamer 4.00
Return Fare by Day Steamer 8.00

The attention of the travelling public is drawn to the comfort afforded by the Company's vessels. Passengers arriving by Night Steamers from Canton (due at Hongkong about 11 p.m.) are permitted to sleep on board till next morning without extra charge. Electric fans and electric light are available all night.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.
S.S. 'SUI TAI' S.S. 'TAISHAN'

Week days at 8 A.M. and 2 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf
Sundays, at 9 A.M. and 12.30 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf,
MACAO TO HONGKONG.

Week days at 7.30 A.M. and 2 P.M. Sundays, at 7.30 A.M. and 5 P.M.

EXCURSION TO MACAO.

SUNDAY, 14th JUNE.

The Company's Steamship "TAISHAN,"
will depart from the COMPANY'S WING LOK STREET WHARF at 9 A.M.
and return from Macao at 5 P.M.

N.B.—The Company will also run a steamer from Macao on Sunday morning at 7.30 A.M., and from Hongkong at 12.30 P.M., from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

This steamer connects with the excursion steamer returning from Macao at 5 P.M.

FARES AS USUAL.

CANTON-MACAO LINE.

S.S. 'HOISANG.'

Departures from Macao to Canton on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 P.M.
Departures from Canton to Macao on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 9 P.M.

CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.

S.S. 'SAINAM,' 588 Tons and S.S. 'NANSHING,' 685 Tons.

One of the above Steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at about 8 A.M., and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the same days at 8.30 P.M. Round trips take about 8 days. Passengers can return to Hongkong or vice versa, by the Company's direct Steamers 'LINTAN' and 'SANDU.' These vessels have superior Cabin accommodations and are lighted throughout by electricity. Electric fans in each Cabin.

Booking Office open daily (Sundays excepted) 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

HOPE MANSON'S (First Floor)

Opposite the Bank of China

SINGON & CO.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1828

THE SINGON METAL AND HARD
WARE FACTORY, established in
1828, has been carrying on
business for over 80 years. The
factory is situated in the
vicinity of the Canton River,
and is one of the largest and
most complete in the East.

THE CARLTON HOTEL

Recently Renovated and Refurnished.
Self-Contained Suite of Apartments with Private
Bath-rooms attached. Large and comfortable. Dining, Reading

BUSINESS NOTICES.

FAIRALL & CO.

ALL NEW MATERIALS FOR SUMMER WEAR
NOW IN STOCK

NEW MODELS IN
WASHING FROCKS, BLOUSES
LINEN SKIRTS
EXPENSIVE FASHIONABLE MILLINERY
OF
EVERY DESCRIPTION.

TELEPHONE 642 2 Pedder Street.
Hongkong, April 25, 1914.

"MUMEYA."

"While-you-wait" Photography.
JUST ARRIVED FROM JAPAN A FULLY QUALIFIED ARTIST WITH
APPARATUS AND MATERIALS WHICH CAN FINISH
IN AN HOUR

PRICE 2.00 per 3 pcs. for Post Card.
No. 8, Queen's Road Central.
TELE. No. 254.

NEW SHIPMENT

Government guaranteed 1st Grade Butter.
Packed specially in Australia for us. Absolutely
Best Imported. None Better quality made.
75 cents per lb.

FOR THE BEST OF EVERYTHING PROCURABLE IN ANY 1st CLASS
RESTAURANT IN THE EAST TRY THE

ALEXANDRA CAFE

THE HONGKONG HOTEL.

THOROUGHLY UP TO DATE WITH EVERY MODERN LUXURY

A LA CARTE GRILL ROOM.

J. E. TAGGART, Manager.

PEAK HOTEL.

ADAMANTLY SITUATED AT VICTORIA GAP.

Adjoining the Tramway Station, 1,400 feet above Sea Level.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY RESIDENTIAL AND TOURIST HOTEL

Telephone in all rooms. First-class Cuisine. Lounge, Smoking and Ladies' Rooms.
Roof Garden.

Terms: From \$5 per day. Single.

Telegram: A44. Postoffice.

P. O. PUSHER.

Mandarin.

GRAND HOTEL.

NOTED FOR THE BEST FOOD, REFRESHMENTS, ACCOMMODATION
AND CLEANLINESS.

CUISINE UNDER EUROPEAN SUPERVISION

ELECTRIC LIGHT & WATER THROUGHOUT

F. BRIDGMAN, Proprietor.

HONGKONG & CHINA GAS Co., Ltd.

NOTICE

REDUCTION IN PRICE OF GAS

THE HONGKONG & CHINA GAS COMPANY, LTD. begs to inform
the public that on and from 1st July
next the price of gas for all purposes
lighting, heating, cooking, or power,
WILL BE REDUCED TO \$2.00 per 1,000
cubic feet.

All accounts will be settled on the same date.

By order of the Directors

GEORGE CURRY,

Local Secretary.

Hongkong, May 21, 1914.

HOP WOO & Co.

Contractor

Ship Builder

AND

Boiler Maker

No. 12, 2nd Floor, Chatham Road

HONG KONG, N. 1914.

Hongkong, June 5, 1914.

Hongkong, June 5, 1914.

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GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.

Portland Cement

In Casks of 37 1/2 lbs. net.

In Bags of 25 1/2 lbs. net.

Shewan, Tomes & Co.

GENERAL MANAGERS.

A PREVENTIVE OF MALARIA

MOSCATINE.

THE INFALLIBLE INSECT REPELLER.

PRICE 50 Cts. \$1.00 AND \$3.50 PER BOTTLE.

Prepared Only By

THE VICTORIA DISPENSARY.

32, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

WEE CHEUNG

ART PHOTOGRAPHER

CHILDREN'S PHOTOS

A

Speciality.

NOTE ADDRESS

ICE HOUSE HONGKONG.

Bournville

The "COCOA de Luxe"

HIGHEST GRADE

BRITISH-MADE

Cadbury

"BOURNVILLE COCOA" represents the

highest grade of nutritive cocoa at present on

the market; it fully maintains its high reputation

in food value and delicacy of flavor, and

is second to none in any respect whatsoever."

Medical Magazine, March, 1912

FROM "THE FACTORY IN A GARDEN," BOURNVILLE, ENG.

Prepared, Dec. 11, 1914

CADBURY'S CHOCOLATES

In Tins and Fancy Boxes

Specially Packed for Export

1874

FROM "THE FACTORY IN A GARDEN," BOURNVILLE, ENG.

Prepared, Dec. 11, 1914

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U. S. submarine				Knicker G. Bradford	Cavite
"				Ensign J. R. Mann	Cavite
"				Ensign J. L. Ribheldaffer	Cavite
"				Rear Admiral B. F. Wood	Cavite
"				Lieut. E. M. La Bounty	Cavite
"				Lieut. C. O. Wright	Cavite
U. S. torpedo-boat destroyer	420	7	\$ 8000	Lieut. C. McCauley	Cavite
U. S. torpedo-boat destroyer	420	7	8000	Lieut. C. S. Kaller	Cavite
U. S. gunboat	343	8	250	Lieut. W. L. Beck	Cavite
U. S. torpedo-boat destroyer	490	7	8000	Lieut. J. C. Jennings	Cavite
U. S. protected cruiser	3183	11	10,000	Comdr. J. F. Chase	Cavite
U. S. torpedo-boat destroyer	490	7	8000	Lieut. V. E. Cuman	Cavite
U. S. torpedo-boat destroyer	490	7	8000	Lieut. K. Durr	Cavite
U. S. gunboat	330	4	800	Lieut. Comdr. O. Kew	Cavite
U. S. protected cruiser	3430	10	7500	Comdr. R. H. Leigh	Cavite
U. S. gunboat	3392	3	1925	Comdr. V. O. Cole	Cavite
U. S. battleship	1100	6	1100	Lieut. J. B. Hanson	Cavite
U. S. monitor	5990	6	2900	Comdr. C. H. Russell	Cavite
U. S. monitor	4064	6	5277		Cavite
U. S. gunboat	313	8	—	Lieut. H. H. Foyne	Cavite
U. S. gunboat	344	5	1600	Lieut. B. W. Knicker	Cavite
U. S. gunboat	343	3	300	Lieut. W. E. Shawcross	Cavite
U. S. gunboat	4260	4	1810	Lieut. W. E. G. M.	Cavite
U. S. gunboat	344	5	250	Lieut. J. H. Smith	Cavite
U. S. gunboat	3119	6	1240	Lieut. H. H. Foyne	Cavite
U. S. gunboat	3119	6	1240	Lieut. H. H. Foyne	Cavite

The Finest Scotch!

Watson's

Whisky.

A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.
ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS

WM. POWELL,
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Wives! If you would keep your husbands at home come & inspect our large & assorted stock.

Also unique and exclusive designs in

CRETONNES

For WASHING COVERS

THE EDWARD DISPENSARY,

C. HAMMING & Co., Ltd.

Chemists and Druggists.

GREAT REDUCTIONS IN

PRICES.

PRESCRIPTIONS ACCURATELY

DISPENSED.

Pure Drugs, Patent Medicines, &c.

2A, QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.

Telephone, July 22, 1915.

MARRIAGE.

Richmond, Ind.—On June 6, at

Shanghai, JOHN HENRY RICHMOND,

and ANABELLA, second daughter of

Captain and Mrs. E. O. Lindstrom, Shang-

hai.

THE DIARY.

MEMOS FOR TOMORROW.

2:30 p.m.—Arrival of Chinese Porcelain

and arrival at Messrs. Hughes and

Hughes.

9 p.m.—First Night Aquatic Fete of the

Sun at V.R.C.

General Memoranda.

SUNDAY, June 14.—

9 a.m.—Excursion to Macao.

MONDAY, June 15.—

Accession of Emperor William II of

Germany, 1890.

3 p.m.—Action of Crown Land at

P.W.D.

TUESDAY, June 16.—

King Gustaf of Sweden born (1858).

WEDNESDAY, June 17.—

Bunker Hill Day (Mass. U.S.A.).

2:30 p.m.—Accession of Furniture etc. at

Messrs. Hughes and Hughes.

THURSDAY, June 18.—

Coronation Day of King George V (1911).

FRIDAY, June 19.—

Princess of Wales birthday (1894).

11 a.m.—Hongkong Ice Co.—Extra-

ordinary sailing.

WEDNESDAY, June 21.—

Midsummer Day.

THURSDAY, June 22.—

11 a.m.—8 to 10 Auction of Valuable

household property in Canton.

2 p.m.—Sale of 4000 Books at

the Public Library.

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attention to the Braille campaign. Others have subscribed sums of money sufficient to pay for the production of one or more of their works in Braille. Book and magazine publishers have been very generous in inserting leaflets in the volumes issued by them, while, so far as the newspapers are concerned, it is impossible to convey in mere words any adequate acknowledgment of the help which they are still affording the campaign, not only the powerful daily papers in London, but the provincial papers large and small, as well as the great illustrated weeklies, and the trade papers. One and all have urged the needs of the blind upon their readers, and have kept them acquainted with what is being done by the organizers of the campaign.

All the churches have shown their sympathy with the objects of the Institute by setting aside, on Sunday, for special services in connection with this appeal. Sunday, May 10th, was devoted to a solemn Thanksgiving for the Blessing of Sight in 40,000 places of worship, and everywhere collections were taken on behalf of those from whom this blessing is withheld.

This is a brief outline only of the more important schemes by which public attention has been attracted to the crying need of the blind for cheaper literature. £130,000 has been asked for in order that the National Institute may be enabled to produce Braille literature in the quantities necessary for the solace of the blind community. Of this sum a considerable amount still has to be raised in spite of the public's generosity. There may be some who read these lines who would like to send a subscription to aid this important work. It is in every sense an Imperial one, and this improved resource which will be at the command of the National Institute for the Blind will enable it to extend very materially the supply of Braille literature, which it already furnishes for the use of blind people in the Overseas Dominions.

Subscriptions should be addressed to the Hon. Treasurer, National Institute for the Blind, Great Portland Street, London, England.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The steamer Yunghing towed down to Ningpo recently a prison 100 feet in length which has been built in Chinese yards at Peking for service at Changhai.

The Blue Funnel steamer "Peleus," which arrived at Shanghai on June 1, met with a slight accident to her machinery when 30 miles N.W. of Amoy on May 12 owing to defects in her piston rings and was obliged to stop while at sea to effect temporary repairs.

One of the most important methods by which the needs of the Fund were made known has been by means of "work-shop collections" in collieries, factories, shops, and establishments of all kinds where a number of hands are employed. Posters have been exhibited setting forth the objects of the Braille campaign, and employees have thus been given the opportunity of helping the Fund; and in almost every case the firms have added generously to the amount subscribed by the workers.

Throughout the country posters bearing an emblematic design have been displayed. This appeal has been made through the generosity of bill-posters, who have performed the work free of charge.

Another method of spreading the knowledge of the needs of the blind broadcast and thus compelling public attention was the "Wireless Appeal," which was flashed to all the ships on the Seven Seas by the kindness of the Marconi Co. It was the first time that such an appeal had ever been made by "Wireless," and was relayed from ship to ship across the oceans. Almost all the big passenger boats responded generously, and in the case of the great Atlantic liners entertainments in aid of the Fund were arranged for.

Every regiment in the Army and every ship in the British Navy, with the consent of the Army Council and the Admiralty, has received an appeal, and officers and men have responded generously.

The needs of the blind have commanded themselves particularly to all those concerned in the production of books and periodicals. Many distinguished authors have written specially for the blind, and their works have been published in Braille.

"CHILDAR" PIRACY INQUIRY.

THREE PRISONERS DISCHARGED.

In Mr. Wood's Court this afternoon, the last three of nine prisoners—a woman and two men—detained in connection with the piracy of the "A.S. Childar" on a charge of being accessories before the fact, were discharged.

The Crown Solicitor, Mr. F. M. Hodgson, primarily made an application for the discharge of prisoners eight and nine.

Mr. Wood asked what was intended should be done with the seventh prisoner.

The Crown Solicitor said he did not propose dealing with the woman any further, and left the matter entirely with his Worship.

Mr. Wood discharged prisoners 7, 8, and 9, who left the Court under European escort and were re-arrested for banishment to Canton.

Regarding the sixth prisoner, who was originally extradited from Mexico, a remand until to-morrow morning was granted for the evidence of Capt. Neilson of the "Childar."

NEWS OF THE DAY.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Steamers arriving from the North report strong S.W. monsoon and fog.

The German Mail of the 13th May was delivered in London on the 11th June.

The Japanese gunboat "Uji" arrived yesterday afternoon.

The Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China has opened an agency at Haiphong, Tonkin.

A European resident of Nathan Road, Kowloon, was removed to hospital last evening suffering from plague.

Mr. Col. O'Hara, A.P.D., will preside at the Old Wellingtonians Dinner, which is to be held at the Hongkong Hotel on the 18th inst. (Waterloo Day).

The total output of the Kailash Mining Administration's mines for the week ending 30th May amounted to 39,437.63 tons and the sales during the period to 41,131.10 tons.

A new steam tug built to the order of the Hongkong Godwin Company was launched at Kowloon Dock yesterday morning. The new boat, which was named the "Gannet," is 96 feet long.

The driver of No. 42 car (Dragon Motor Company) was today fined \$10 for refusing to stop when called upon to do so at Praya East on the 3rd inst. The driver of No. 46 car (Far East Coy.), was also fined.

Queen Wilhelmina has given £1,000 to the Netherlands Red Cross Society for combating the plague in the East Indies. The native doctor, Riden, Koesman, of Amsterdam, has been placed at the disposal of the Governor-General of Netherlands East India for this campaign.

The "L.C." steamer "Hopang," which arrived here from Cebu last Wednesday, collided with the dredger "Ballari of Hinghi Point. The vessel's stern was damaged and she was obliged to effect repairs before proceeding.

Mrs. A. Chan, 4, Arbuthnot Road, Hongkong, has reported to the Police that some time during the past week she lost, or had stolen from her room, a diamond brooch valued at \$300. She also had stolen during the last month a silver teaset worth \$50.

On the back page of this issue is produced a picture of the landing of the new Governor of Macao, H.E. Dr. Jose Carlos, Mar. The same picture will appear on the cover of this week's "Overland China Mail," ready early to-morrow morning.

The China Commercial Trading Company was defendant in four undefended actions in the Summary Court this morning, brought by the following firms for the amounts stated: The San Kwok Man Company, \$306.22; Cheong Kee Ho, \$534.00; and Ling Loong, \$343.22. Judgment for plaintiff was given in each case.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Rear Admiral Humann, who in 1891 commanded the French Eastern Fleet, died at his residence in Paris on May 9.

Mr. Paul H. King, formerly stationed at Shanghai, and lately Commissioner of Customs at Foochow, has been transferred to London where he will fill the position of Resident Secretary to the Inspector General.

SAFE STEER ALWAYS CURES.

Do not suffer from cramp, pain, or any other ailment, but always take "SAFE STEER" as a preventive and cure.

JOLLY GERMAN.

"WHERE PANDEMONIUM REIGNED SUPREMACY."

Before Mr. Wood at the Magistrate's Court this morning a German named Franz Otto Hermann Kellinghusen, of No. 3, Ainal Villas, Austin Road, Kowloon, was summoned for making a noise calculated to disturb the tranquillity of Kowloon on the night of May 31.

Inspector Gordon said the noise consisted of singing and gramophones and piano playing, which were played up till two o'clock in the morning.

Defendant did not admit the offence. Commander Beckwith, Acting Harbour Master, residing at Glenholme, Kowloon Road, Kowloon, described the noise as absolute pandemonium. The cry started at about 10 o'clock. There was singing, piano and gramophones were being played, and there was a great deal of noise. That was on Sunday night, and the noise continued until 2.15 on Monday morning.

"Pandemonium reigned completely," he added. "Most of the neighbours were awakened by shrieks, 'Hiers' and 'Homs,' and all the rest of it." The noise was coming from No. 3 Ainal Villas. It was not the first time it had happened and as the neighbourhood was a respectable one, he thought it was his duty to take these proceedings.

"It was impossible for anything but a corpse to sleep," emphatically declared the witness.

Mr. Wood: You found it an annoyance? Witness: A tremendous annoyance, the whole night.

Witness added that he telephoned to the police and further said that the noise was nothing but a drunken orgie. Nothing else could describe it.

Alexander Michie, residing at No. 2 Ainal Villas, said on the night in question he was disturbed by a succession of noises coming from the defendant's house which lasted up till about 2 o'clock. There was shouting, dancing and a general noise which prevented them from going to sleep. He had protested to the defendant previously.

Kellinghusen, in the box, said he was at home on the day mentioned.

Mr. Wood: Were you entertaining guests? Defendant:—Yes.

At what time did your guests leave? Exactly a quarter past one. I looked at my watch at that time.

Did you make much noise?—Yes, we were very jolly, but the noise was not "calculated to disturb the tranquillity of the surroundings."

You mean that people could not hear outside of your house?—Yes, it could be heard, but it was not calculated to disturb anyone.

Apparently the noise could be heard 300 yards away. Does that surprise you?—No it does not surprise me at all, because one could hear a noise on a quiet night 1000 yards away.

You would not be surprised if the noise was heard 1000 yards away?—I mean to say that I heard a noise which was 1000 yards away on a quiet night.

Was there any shouting?—No, singing. The noise was musical?—Yes.

Have your neighbours spoken to you about making a noise?—I had a complaint from No. 2 Ainal Villas.

Is there anything else?—We have not a gramophone at all in the house, so that could not have been heard.

Mr. Wood said his view of the case was that defendant did create a noise and that his neighbours were reasonably annoyed. He ought not to have done so, or else stopped at a reasonable hour. The magistrate did not propose recording a conviction, but he warned defendant that if he came there again, he would be fined and a conviction recorded.

THE LAMA ISLAND TRAGEDY.

Further evidence was heard this morning before Mr. Wood on the charge of murdering a European against five Japanese at Lanza Island.

A Chinese from Lanza Island stated that when he saw deceased fall dead he ran to the police station at Yang Shu Wan and informed the Sergeant that the junk people had shot the deceased.

DEATH OF MR. VINCENT.

We regret to announce the death of Mr. A. Vincent, of the expense accounts department of the Naval Yard.

Mr. Vincent, who passed away yesterday morning at the Naval Hospital, came to this Colony only three weeks ago, and soon after his arrival contracted enteric fever. He leaves a widow in England, with whom the deepest sympathy will be felt. The funeral at the Happy Valley yesterday evening was attended by many members of the various departments in the Yard.

DECK CARGOES.

Mr. T. W. Moore, Secretary of the Imperial Merchant Service Guild, as a Member of the International Law Association, has received a communication from the Hon. Francis B. James, to the effect that the Committee on Commercial Law of the American Bar Association, of which Committee he is Chairman, has arranged for a public meeting of the Committee to be held at Washington, D.C., on Friday, 6th June, next for the purpose of considering the subject of deck cargoes as carried by merchant ships.

The Guild are invited to send a representative to this meeting. The subject is one to which they have very actively devoted themselves, holding the opinion, as they do, that in many cases these deck cargoes gravely and improperly imperil the lives of seafarers. The Guild have been informed by the Board of Trade that the subject of timber deck loads is to receive the consideration of the next International Maritime Conference.

The Guild cannot but feel that deck loads of all descriptions should be dealt with, and they are bringing pressure to bear in this direction in view of casualties attended by serious loss of life which have been attributed by Courts of Inquiry to these different forms of deck cargoes.

ECONOMY IN THE END.

It is a well-known fact that the most economical way of doing a thing is to do it right the first time. This is a principle which should be kept in mind by all who are engaged in any kind of work.

CHINA ASSOCIATION.

The Annual Meeting of the China Association was held yesterday evening in the Board Room of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd. The proceedings were private and from particulars supplied we learn that amongst those present were Hon. Mr. D. Lindsay (in the chair), Hon. Mr. H.E. Pollock, Messrs. G. T. Edkins, A. G. Stephen, H. W. Bird, S. Dodwell, P. Tait, W.L. Patterson, A. R. L

BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

THE SITUATION IN IRELAND.

100,000 NATIONALIST VOLUNTEERS.

LONDON, June 11. The Stock Exchange regards the Irish situation gloomily, and the markets are depressed.

The rapidly growing Nationalist Volunteers, in the absorbing topic in the Lobbies. A moderate estimate places the number at already 100,000. The seriousness of the position is realised by the Liberals, members of whom, in speaking to their constituents, said that the final proof of the weakness of the Government was the permitting of the drilling and arming of Ulster.

LATER.

The Amending Bill.

In the House of Commons Mr. Asquith announced that the Amending Bill would be introduced into the House of Lords before the Home Rule Bill, if the Opposition so desired.

The Irish Problem.

Mr. Birrell, Chief Secretary for Ireland, in reply to Lord Robert Cecil, said that figures had been supplied to him which showed that the Nationalist volunteers totalled 80,000; but the figures varied daily. There was information as to the number of arms, but the Government's attention had been drawn to both forces.

Ulsters Determination.

Mr. Birrell Law opened his Scotch campaign with a speech at Inverness, in which he at great length, dealt with the Ulster outlook. It was, he declared, a conflict between the Government and the action in which the nation was bound to win. Whatever calamities were ahead, the determination of the Ulstermen was fixed and no cleverness or misapprehension would make them submit to a Dublin Parliament.

Importation of Arms.

The secretaries of the National Volunteers' Committee have issued a manifesto in which they demand the withdrawal of the proclamation prohibiting the importation of arms into Ireland.

SALVATIONIST CONGRESS.

LONDON, June 12. The Salvation Army Congress opened last night at the Albert Hall. There were 2100 Overseas delegates, speaking 34 languages, present. The South African and the Indian Sections were among the most interesting.

The King's Message.

There was a solemn scene as the remnant of the Canadian delegation passed in the Procession of the Nations. The message from the King was read. It stated that His Majesty joined in welcoming the Congress. He had for many years watched with deep interest their work for the people especially for the less fortunate citizens of the Empire, and he trusted that the blessing of God would continue upon their work, self-sacrifice and unselfish zeal.

ANGLO-RUSSIAN RELATIONS.

LONDON, June 12. Sir Edward Grey, replying in the House of Commons to a question as to whether an Anglo-Russian Agreement existed, quoted Mr. Asquith's statement regarding a military agreement to the effect that it was a question as to whether there were any unpublished agreements to restrict or hamper Great Britain's freedom of action. Sir Edward Grey emphasised that that statement remained true to-day, was any agreement likely to be made.

THE MEXICO CRISIS.

LONDON, June 12. A telegram from Tampico states that the U.S.S. Antilla has arrived.

SOUTH AFRICAN PARLIAMENT DIVIDED.

LONDON, June 12. A telegram from Cape Town states that the Government has been twice defeated on an amendment which proposes to give Mr. Prinsloo, Minister of Education, the right to appoint and dismiss the members of the Education Board. The Bill has been defeated on both occasions.

BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

GOVERNMENT AND THE SUFFRAGETTES.

BOMB EXPLOSION IN WESTMINSTER ABBEY.

LONDON, June 12.

In the House of Commons, Lord Robert Cecil, speaking on the Home Office Estimates, raised a debate regarding the Suffragettes. He strongly advocated deporting the women to a suitable island.

Mr. McKenna, the Home Secretary, submitted that public irritation was growing. He deplored the role, mess exhibited in the presence of their Majesties, and appealed to the Press to cease advertising the suffragettes. He declared that the "Let them die" policy would only be a greater incentive to militancy, and he defended the "Cat and Mouse" Act. He hoped, however, that the Government would be able to obtain sufficient evidence to enable them to bring an action against subscribers to the militants, making them liable for all damage. The subscribers, continued Mr. McKenna, were mainly rich women who were using their wealth against Society paying their unfortunate victims to undergo the horrors of starvation, while they themselves lived in luxury. If supplies were cut off, the last would soon be heard of the Pankhursts. The Government, concluded Mr. McKenna, was further considering a criminal charge against subscribers.

The Bomb Explosion.

CORONATION CHAIR DAMAGED.

After Mr. McKenna had spoken, a bomb explosion occurred in Westminster Abbey under the Coronation chair, damaging the famous stone of Stone.

Two loud reports were heard in the House of Commons, and some of the Members instantly left their seats and hurried towards the Abbey.

It is understood that the explosion damaged the fabric of the Abbey.

Abbey in the Hands of Police.

The police took possession of the Abbey and arrested two women near the Coronation chair. The explosion shook the pavements outside the Abbey, and one lady fainted from shock.

Damage Slight.

A well-known Member of Parliament who was allowed to enter the Abbey by the police, said the pinnacle of the Coronation chair was blown off. The other breakages were of an unimportant nature.

Official Statement.

The official statement issued says that a small bomb exploded in the immediate proximity of the Coronation chair, and that it is supposed to have been placed there by right-winger. The damage done is slight, and is easily replaceable. A portion of wood was broken off and some stone carving on the screen damaged by iron nails contained in the bomb which was made of thin metal and was exploded by a fuse. A feather box was found near the scene of the explosion.

LATER.

Detained Women Released.

The two women detained in connection with the explosion were released. There was no further arrest up till mid-night.

Suffragettes Angry with The King.

At a meeting of militants in Baywater yesterday evening, the speakers accused the King of being behind the Government's repression.

The name of His Majesty was hoisted.

In this connection, adds Reuter, it is noteworthy that Mr. McKenna yesterday emphasized the point that the King had not committed an unconstitutional act in not receiving a suffragette deputation, as he had acted on the advice of the Home Secretary regarding the audiences.

BOWEL COMPLAINT IN CHILDREN.

DURING the summer months mothers should watch for any unusual looseness of the child's bowels. When given prompt attention in this direction, the child will be free from trouble. Colic, Cholera, and other ailments can always be prevented by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

HOME RACING.

RESULT OF THE NEWBURY SUMMER CUP.

LONDON, June 11.

The race for the Newbury Summer Cup (1 1/4 miles, handicap) was as follows:—

Florist 1
Marten 2
Son-in-law 3

Eleven ran. Won by two lengths. Satisfactory distance between second and third.

The betting was 100 to 8, 7 to 2 and 100 to 8 respectively.

(Mr. Ernest Drowley's Florist is a four-year-old bay colt by Florist II—Ladystown. He was very successful last year as a three-year-old, winning his first four races. He was third once and ran once unplaced. His four victories, which included the Duke of York Stakes (run in a sharp shower, with a heavy mist obscuring the start and making it impossible to see the horses till they were well down the straight when Florist was seen to shoot to the front, hard ridden, from the bunch and win) were all won with Dandy Maher, who though a lot of the horse, in the saddle. His other engagements this year include the Gold Cup and Alexandra Plate (Ascot) and Champion Stakes (Newmarket Second October).

Last year's result was Child II, Rivoli, Early Hope.—Ed.]

THE MOTOR CAR RACE.

LONDON, June 12.

The Isle of Man 600 miles international motor car race resulted as follows:—1, K. Lee Guinness (Sunbeam) 10 hrs. 37 mins., 49 secs.; 2, Reichen (Minerva) 10 hrs., 57 mins., 38 secs.; 3, Molcan (Minerva) 11 hrs., 22 mins., 20 secs.

HEAVY SENTENCE FOR ESPIONAGE.

LONDON, June 12.

A clerk named Rosenfeld, has been sentenced by the Leipzig courts to fifteen years' penal servitude, and fined the equivalent of £500 sterling on charges of espionage in favour of Russia.

CANADA AND THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT.

LONDON, June 12.

An Ottawa telegram states that the House of Commons has voted an Address regretting the departure from Canada of the Duke of Connaught, and assuring his Majesty of the unalterable devotion of Canadians.

Mr. Borden and Sir Wilfred Laurier in eloquent speeches paid high tributes to the Duke's ability, sympathy and tact.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE AND THE OPPOSITION.

LONDON, June 12.

At question time in the House of Commons, Mr. Asquith said he had not understood Mr. Lloyd George speaking at Crichfield to suggest that there had been mutinies in the Army. There had been no mutiny.

A heated scene then arose between the Opposition and Mr. Lloyd George. The latter explained that he was referring to the incident of the Opposition leaders.

After further interruption Mr. Lloyd George said that he had mentioned that the "Opposition had been growing over the prospective mutiny." Cries of "Danghill." Mr. Lloyd George (harshly): Yes, on their own danghill!

PANAMA CANAL TOLLS.

The Latest Step.

LONDON, June 12.

The United States Senate, by 53 votes to 24, defeated an amendment to allow the dispute concerning the Panama tolls exemption repeal to be carried to the Supreme Court.

LATER.

Bill Passes the Senate.

A telegram from Washington states that the Senate has passed the Panama Tolls Exemption Repeal Bill by 50 votes to 35.

THE CANADIAN LOAN.

LONDON, June 12.

The Government has decided to issue a loan of £10,000,000 to Canada for the purpose of financing the construction of the Panama Canal.

BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

THE ITALIAN STRIKE RIOTS.

LONDON, June 12.

A newspaper estimate of the casualties in the strike riots in Rome puts the deaths at fourteen, and the injured at several hundred.

A LABOUR ALLIANCE.

LONDON, June 12.

The transport workers have approved of the Labour Alliance.

[A telegram sent on the subject stated that the miners, railwaymen and transport workers had been "privately" conferring in London regarding the establishment of a great Labour Alliance, and that their decision would be submitted to the annual meetings of the separate organizations for final endorsement. Another telegram stated that the conference almost unanimously agreed to form an Alliance which should provide for joint action in all questions affecting Trades Unionism and also to prevent sectional differences. It was also agreed to call a National Congress to confirm the decision.—Ed.]

ANTI-GUN RUNNING DEMONSTRATION.

LONDON, June 12.

An anti-gun running demonstration was held in Glasgow, the speakers being the Hon. Neil Primrose, M.P., and Mr. Roch, M.P., who moved a resolution regretting that the Government should refrain from prosecution.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, June 12.

The death is announced of the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz.

THE KAISER.

LONDON, June 12.

The Kaiser has gone to Konopitzsch on a visit to the Archduke Franz Ferdinand.

THE "RESOLUTE" AGAIN WINS.

LONDON, June 12.

A New York telegram states that the Resolute won the second race between the America Cup defenders by 78 seconds.

LONDON STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Messrs. Vernon and Smyth received the following quotations—sent yesterday by wire—from their London agents. They are all middle prices.

Tonish Mines	28/9
British Petroleum	4/6
Ural Caspian Oil	47/6
M.K. & Shanghai Banks	£84.10.0
United Serdanga	8/
Mexican Eagle	39/8
Rubber Plant Int. Trust	10/-
Malayan Premier Oil Soc.	12/-
Shell ("B")	105/-
Indo-China (Combined)	150/-
Chinese Engineering	38/9
H.K. Electric Trams	9/3
Venture Trusts, Ltd.	1/-
Fine Hard Para	2/4
Plantation	2/4
Tons of the Rubber Share	former
Market	2/4
Tons of the Tin Share Market	quiet
Hongkong 12th June, 1914.	

A GRIEVANCE.

The following letter appeared in a recent issue of the "Singapore Free Press":

TO THE EDITOR.

Dear Sir,—May I through the medium of your paper voice the dissenting note of those loyal subjects of King George who have this year been omitted in the invitations to Government House Ball? I, amongst others, have always understood that every British subject who has paid his respects to his King's Representative is, as a matter of courtesy, invited to take part in the celebration of that King's birthday. This is the custom in every part of His Majesty's dominions, and has been the case here until this year, when very many of his subjects who for years have had the above mentioned courtesy extended to them, have been completely ignored. The King's Birthday Ball, I understand, is not a private function but a public one, and I should be very much obliged if you could, to-day, give some reason why many loyal people in Singapore have been passed over and overlooked.

Yours faithfully,
R. A. R.

CHAMBERLAIN'S PAIN BALM.

ATTENTION! Rheumatism, or a twinge of neuralgia, wherever the trouble is, Chamberlain's Pain Balm gives relief. It is a sure cure for all such troubles. First application gives relief. When a bottle is used, the pain is gone, and the patient is able to move about freely. It is a sure cure for all such troubles. It is a sure cure for all such troubles. It is a sure cure for all such troubles.

DOCKYARD MESS AFFAIRS.

ACTION AGAINST THE PRESIDENT.

In the Summary Court this afternoon, Mr. Justice Hamland had before him the part-heard action brought by Lo Shiu Ki, proprietor of the Pun Store, 81, Des Voeux Road, Comptadore, against S. McKnight of the Naval Dockyard, to recover \$1,000 balance due for goods sold and delivered. Plaintiff waived a further sum of \$36 71 in order to bring the action within summary jurisdiction.

The goods supplied were used in the Dockyard Police mess, of which defendant was president, and the defence is that the steward, who is concerned, was responsible for the debt.

Mr. Noringham (Mr. G. E. Hall, Braddon's office) appeared for plaintiff, and Mr. Crowther Smith for defendant.

Mr. Smith said that in this case defendant was sued either as principal—that was the actual customer of the plaintiffs—or as guarantor of the steward who was actual customer. In which capacity plaintiff was suing defendant did not appear, so it would be necessary for him to meet both possibilities. The plaintiff was suing for the price of goods sold and delivered in November and December last and depended for making defendant liable upon an agreement made in July, a letter written by defendant on December 2, and on the defendant's conduct during the period, July to December. There was considerable conflict of evidence on most points. It was common ground that the plaintiff's account for July amounted to \$810.64 and that on July 31 plaintiff received the amount of the new money \$457.05. Whichever version of the events in July was true the case against the defendant could not amount to more than this, that he undertook liability to the extent of the mess money and no further. On the plaintiff's own admission there was nothing owing to them by defendant on August 31st. Defendant said that the arrangement between the parties, whatever it was, terminated on August 31, and that he then told the plaintiffs that they must in future trust the steward, and could not attend the yard any longer. It was in fact admitted that the plaintiff did not attend at the end of September or October, and as they merely said that they "were paid" for these months, and defendant said he paid the money to the steward, it could only be assumed that the steward paid the plaintiff's account personally those two months and that goods were supplied during November on the same terms, namely, that the plaintiffs looked to the steward only for payment. Taking together the facts that the plaintiff's account was settled up to the end of August and that the mess money was paid to the steward without the attendance of the plaintiffs for September, October and November, and that the plaintiffs acquiesced in that arrangement, and continued to supply goods during that time, and also the defendant's conduct with regard to a prohibitory order of the court and the contents of the letters of December 1 and 2, one was forced to the conclusion that the arrangement between the plaintiff and defendant, whatever it was, was terminated at the end of August and that during September and October goods were supplied on the steward's credit.

The steward disappeared on December 2, and on the 24th Lo Shiu Ki went to the yard and asked the defendant for payment of the money due to the Pun Store from December 1 to 23. This money was of course paid by the defendant, and the end of the month and the defendant promised to settle the mess meeting and ask the members what they would do. The position was that the defendant and other members could only get a discharge for their mess money by obtaining a receipt from the steward and they very wisely decided that under the circumstances they would not be justified in paying this money to the plaintiff, a decision which defendant gave up to the plaintiff. It was quite clear that no claim could be rested on the defendant's letter of December 2, and the plaintiff was thrown back on the defendant's conduct between July and December. That was to say, whether he behaved during that time as plaintiff's customer or not. The portion of the evidence relating to defendant's two visits to the Pun Store was largely a matter of mud-slinging and went to show how weak plaintiff knew his case to be.

Mr. Noringham contended that defendant had acted all along as the person liable. He commented on the fact that the account in question was entered under the name of the Naval Yard in the European ledger. In the letter making the original arrangement with the Pun Store defendant said that if a man was sent to him at 10 a.m. on the last day of every month he would personally pay him, so he was responsible for the money. That letter, coupled with the other evidence, he submitted, made defendant liable as a principal. None of the letters written by defendant to the Pun Store were signed by him as president of the mess. The Chinese steward had never signed the government mess book as cashier, but Europeans had signed, though defendant said they signed as members of committees and that there were no cashiers. It was obvious that defendant had throughout combined the duties of president and cashier in the mess. The defence was that each member of the mess paid the steward £10 a month as an independent contractor, but this was not the case, as the defendant was the one who was responsible for the money. The defendant was the one who was responsible for the money. The defendant was the one who was responsible for the money.

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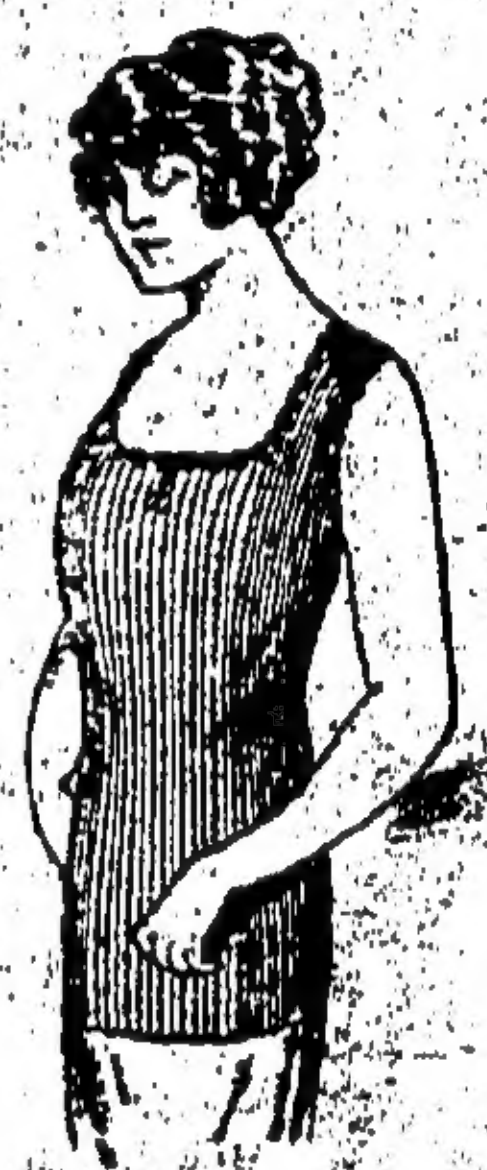
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